# **ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS**

**FOR** 

FRONT / REAR PROMATRIX OE UPGRADE ROTOR KIT, WITH 14.00" FRONT / 13.00" REAR DIAMETER VENTED ROTOR

# 2005-PRESENT ASTON MARTIN

PART NUMBER GROUP

140-13106

DISC BRAKES SHOULD ONLY BE INSTALLED BY SOMEONE EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT IN THE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF DISC BRAKES

READ ALL WARNINGS



# WARNING DO NOT OPERATE ANY VEHICLE ON UNTESTED BRAKES! SEE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE WITHIN

ALWAYS UTILIZE SAFETY RESTRAINT SYSTEMS AND ALL OTHER AVAILABLE SAFETY EQUIPMENT WHILE OPERATING THE VEHICLE

IMPORTANT • READ THE DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY INCLUDED IN THE KIT

NOTE: Some cleaners may stain or remove the finish on brake system components. Test the cleaner on a hidden portion of the component before general use.

# **Important Notice - Read This First**

Before any tear-down or disassembly begins, review the following information:

- Due to OEM production differences and other variations from vehicle to vehicle, the fastener hardware and other components in this kit may not be suitable for a specific application or vehicle.
- It is the responsibility of the purchaser and installer of this kit to verify suitability / fitment of all components and ensure all fasteners and hardware achieve complete and proper engagement. Improper or inadequate engagement can lead to component failure.

# **Exploded Assembly Diagram and Parts List**

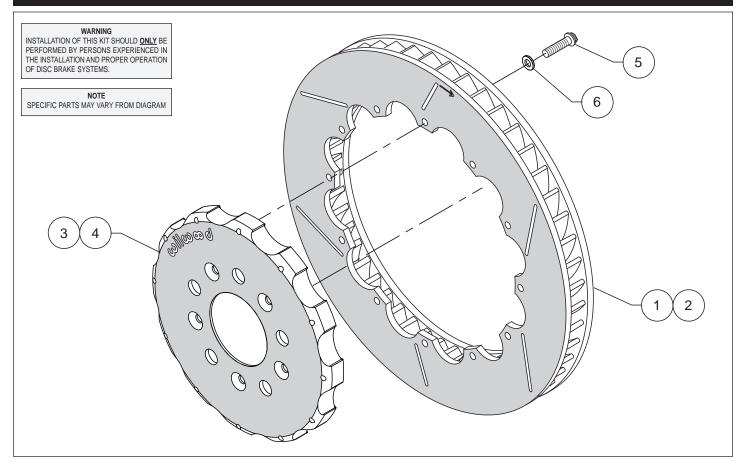


Figure 1. Typical Installation Configuration

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	<u>QTY</u>
1	160-12391/92	Front Rotor, GT - 1.25" x 14.00" Dia, 12 x 8.25" Bolt Circle (one each, right and left)	2
2	160-8508/09	Rear Rotor, GT - 1.10" x 13.00" Dia, 12 x 7.00" Bolt Circle (one each, right and left)	2
3	170-13066	Front Hat, .56 Offset, 12 x 8.25" Bolt Circle	2
4	170-13067	Rear Hat, .49 Offset, 12 x 7.00" Bolt Circle	2
5	230-6737	Bolt, 1/4-20 x 1.00 Long, 12 Point	48
6	240-11240	Washer265 I.D. x .500 O.D. x .063 Thick	48

### NOTES

# General Information, Disassembly, and Assembly Instructions

Installation of this kit should **ONLY** be performed by persons experienced in the installation and proper operation of disc brake systems. Before installation begins, please read the complete procedure thoroughly to familiarize yourself with the process, and double check the following items to ensure a trouble-free installation.

- •Make sure this is the correct kit to fit the exact make and model year. This kit is specifically designed as a direct bolt-on OE replacement for Aston Martin model years 2005 present.
- •Verify the hat lug pattern in this kit matches the stud pattern of the vehicle's wheels.
- •Inspect the package contents against the parts list to ensure that all components are included.

Photo

### Disassembly Instructions (procedure is the same for front and rear)

•Disassemble the original equipment front and rear brakes:

Raise the front/rear wheels off the ground and support the suspension according to the vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

Remove the front/rear wheel, caliper, and rotor. Do not disconnect brake hoses. Remove all nicks or burrs on the hub/axle flange face and registration diameter.

<u>Assembly Instructions</u> (numbers in parenthesis refer to the part list/diagram on the preceding page): Procedure is the same for front and rear.

- Orient the rotor (1/2) and the hat (3/4) as shown in Figure 1 and Photo 1. Attach rotor to hat using bolts (5) and washers (6). Using an alternating sequence, apply red *Loctite*® 271 to the threads and torque bolts to 155 **in-lbs.** For an added measure of security, the bolts may be safety wired using standard 0.032 inch diameter stainless steel safety wire as shown in Figure 2.
- •Slide the hat/rotor assembly onto the axle hub. **NOTE:** The hat must fit flush against the axle hub flange or excessive rotor run out may result. The hub must be free from any rust, debris, casting burrs, machining irregularities, etc. Reinstall the original retaining screws and torque to manufacturer's specification.
- BEGIN BY SLIDING THE 0.032'DIAMETER WIRE THROUGH TWO OF THE HOLES (LEFT) THAT ARE 180'APART. TWIST THE WIRE AS SHOWN (BELOW) USING SAFETY WIRE PILERS. NOW SLIDE ONE WIRE THROUGH TWO OF THE HOLES (180'APART) AND WRAP THE OTHER WIRE AROUND THE BOLT. TWIST THE WIRES TOGETHER TO FORM A PIGTAIL. SEE DS-386 FOR COMPLETE DETAILS.

Figure 2. Safety Wire Diagram

- •NOTE: For best performance and service life, Wilwood recommends using new brake pads with new replacement rotors.
- •reinstall the caliper and torque the mounting bolts manufacturer's specification.
- •Install the wheel and torque the lug nuts to manufacturer's specification. Check to see that the wheel rotates freely without interference.

### **Additional Information and Recommendations**

- •Fill and bleed the new system with Wilwood Hi-Temp° 570 grade fluid or higher. For severe braking or sustained high heat operation, use Wilwood EXP 600 Plus Racing Brake Fluid. Used fluid must be completely flushed from the system to prevent contamination. **NOTE:** Silicone DOT 5 brake fluid is **NOT** recommended for racing or performance driving.
- •Properly bleed the brake system according to the vehicle manufacturer's instructions, generally beginning with the caliper farthest from the master cylinder. *NOTE:* When using a new master cylinder, it is important to bench bleed the master cylinder first.
- •Test the brake pedal. It should be firm, not spongy and stop at least 1 inch from the floor under heavy load. If the brake pedal is spongy, bleed the system again.

If the brake pedal is initially firm, but then sinks to the floor, check the system for fluid leaks. Correct the leaks (if applicable) and then bleed the system again.

- •NOTE: With the installation of after market disc brakes, the wheel track may change depending on the application. Check your wheel offset before final assembly.
- •If after following the instructions, you still have difficulty in assembling or bleeding your Wilwood disc brakes, consult your local chassis builder, or retailer where the kit was purchased for further assistance.

# WARNING • DO NOT DRIVE ON UNTESTED BRAKES BRAKES MUST BE TESTED AFTER INSTALLATION OR MAINTENANCE MINIMUM TEST PROCEDURE

- Make sure pedal is firm: Hold firm pressure on pedal for several minutes, it should remain in position without sinking. If pedal sinks toward floor, check system for fluid leaks. DO NOT drive vehicle if pedal does not stay firm or can be pushed to the floor with normal pressure.
- At very low speed (2-5 mph) apply brakes hard several times while turning steering from full left to full right, repeat several times. Remove the wheels and check that components are not touching, rubbing, or leaking.
- Carefully examine all brake components, brake lines, and fittings for leaks and interference.
- Make sure there is no interference with wheels or suspension components.
- Drive vehicle at low speed (15-20 mph) making moderate and hard stops. Brakes should feel normal and positive. Again check for leaks and interference.
- Always test vehicle in a safe place where there is no danger to (or from) other people or vehicles.
- Always wear seat belts and make use of all safety equipment.

# Pad and Rotor Bedding

### BEDDING STEPS FOR NEW PADS AND ROTORS – ALL COMPOUNDS

Once the brake system has been tested and determined safe to operate the vehicle, follow these steps for the bedding of all new pad materials and rotors. These procedures should only be performed on a race track, or other safe location where you can safely and legally obtains speeds up to 65 MPH, while also being able to rapidly decelerate.

- Begin with a series of light decelerations to gradually build some heat in the brakes. Use an on-and-off the pedal technique by applying the brakes for 3-5 seconds, and then allow them to fully release for a period roughly twice as long as the deceleration cycle.
   If you use a 5 count during the deceleration interval, use a 10 count during the release to allow the heat to sink into the pads and rotors.
- After several cycles of light stops to begin warming the brakes, proceed with a series of medium to firm deceleration stops to continue raising the temperature level in the brakes.
- Finish the bedding cycle with a series of 8-10 hard decelerations from 55-65 MPH down to 25 MPH while allowing a proportionate release and heat-sinking interval between each stop. The pads should now be providing positive and consistent response.
- If any amount of brake fade is observed during the bed-in cycle, immediately begin the cool down cycle.
- Drive at a moderate cruising speed, with the least amount of brake contact possible, until most of the heat has dissipated from the brakes. Avoid sitting stopped with the brake pedal depressed to hold the car in place during this time. Park the vehicle and allow the brakes to cool to ambient air temperature.

### **COMPETITION VEHICLES**

- If your race car is equipped with brake cooling ducts, blocking them will allow the pads and rotors to warm up quicker and speed up the bedding process.
- Temperature indicating paint on the rotor and pad edges can provide valuable data regarding observed temperatures during the bedding process and subsequent on-track sessions. This information can be highly beneficial when evaluating pad compounds and cooling efficiencies.

# Pad and Rotor Bedding (Continued)

### POST-BEDDING INSPECTION - ALL VEHICLES

After the bedding cycle, the rotors should exhibit a uniformly burnished finish across the entire contact face. Any surface irregularities
that appear as smearing or splotching on the rotor faces can be an indication that the brakes were brought up to temperature too
quickly during the bedding cycle. If the smear doesn't blend away after the next run-in cycle, or if chatter under braking results,
sanding or resurfacing the rotors will be required to restore a uniform surface for pad contact.

### PRE-RACE WARM UP

Always make every effort to get heat into the brakes prior to each event. Use an on-and-off the pedal practice to warm the brakes
during the trip to the staging zone, during parade laps before the flag drops, and every other opportunity in an effort to build heat in
the pads and rotors. This will help to ensure best consistency, performance, and durability from your brakes.

### DYNO BEDDED COMPETITION PADS AND ROTORS

Getting track time for a proper pad and rotor bedding session can be difficult. Wilwood offers factory dyno-bedded pads and rotors
on many of our popular competition pads and Spec 37 GT series rotors. Dyno-bedded parts are ready to race on their first warm
up cycle. This can save valuable time and effort when on-track time is either too valuable or not available at all, Dyno-bedding
assures that your pads and rotors have been properly run-in and are ready to go. Contact your dealer or the factory for more
information on Wilwood Dyno-Bedding services.

### NOTE:

NEVER allow the contact surfaces of the pads or rotors to be contaminated with brake fluid. Always use a catch bottle with a hose to prevent fluid spill during all brake bleeding procedures.

Associated Components			
PART NO.	DESCRIPTION		
260-1874	Wilwood Residual Pressure Valve (2 lb for disc brakes)		
260-1876	Wilwood Residual Pressure Valve (10 lb for drum brakes)		
260-8419	Wilwood Proportioning Valve		
290-0632	Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (Hi-Temp° 570) (12 oz)		
290-6209	Wilwood Racing Brake Fluid (EXP 600 Plus) (16.9 oz)		
340-1285	Wilwood Floor Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar)		
340-1287	Wilwood Swing Mount Brake Pedal (with balance bar)		
260-6764	Wilwood 3/4 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder		
260-6765	Wilwood 7/8 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder		
260-6766	Wilwood 1 inch High Volume Aluminum Master Cylinder		
260-4893	1-1/16 inch Tandem Master Cylinder (aluminum housing)		
250-2406	Mounting Bracket Kit (tandem master cylinder)		
260-8555	Wilwood 1 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder		
260-8556	Wilwood 1-1/8 inch Aluminum Tandem Chamber Master Cylinder		
350-2038	1971 - 1973 Pinto Rack and Pinion (new, not rebuilt)		
270-2016	Quick Release Steering Hub (3/4 inch shaft)		
270-2017	Quick Release Steering Hub (5/8 inch shaft)		

WILWOOD BRAKES BRAKES KITS