



3M™ Novec™ 1230 Fire Protection Fluid 06/06/16

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Novec™ 1230 [Fire Protection Fluid](#)

Product Identification Numbers

ID Number	UPC	ID Number	UPC
98-0212-3203-2		98-0212-3217-2	0 00 51135 71645 8
98-0212-3414-5			

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Streaming and Flooding Fire Protection

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M
DIVISION: Electronics Materials Solutions Division

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Not classified as hazardous according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Not applicable.

Symbols

Not applicable.

Pictograms

Not applicable.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonafluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	756-13-8	> 99.5

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you are concerned, get medical advice.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

Product is a fire-extinguishing agent. Material will not burn. Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**Substance**Carbon monoxide
Carbon dioxide
Toxic Vapor/Gas**Condition**During Combustion
During Combustion
During Combustion**5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

When fire fighting conditions are severe and total thermal decomposition of the product is possible, wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Contents may be under pressure, open carefully. Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. For industrial or professional use only. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store at temperatures not exceeding 38C/100F. Store away from strong bases. Store away from other materials. Store away from amines.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
1,1,1,2,2,4,4,5,5,5-Nonafluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	756-13-8	Manufacturer determined	TWA: 150 ppm(1940 mg/m ³)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls**8.2.1. Engineering controls**

Provide appropriate local exhaust when product is heated. For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Eye protection not required.

Skin/hand protection

No protective gloves required.

Respiratory protection

Use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator if there is a potential for over exposure from an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or under any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. If thermal degradation products are expected, use a full facepiece supplied-air respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

General Physical Form:	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Liquid
Odor, Color, Grade:	Clear colorless liquid with low odor
Odor threshold	<i>No Data Available</i>
pH	<i>Not Applicable</i>
Melting point	-108 °C
Boiling Point	49 °C [@ 760 mmHg]
Flash Point	No flash point
Evaporation rate	> 1 [<i>Ref Std:</i> BUOAC=1]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	None detected
Flammable Limits(UEL)	None detected
Vapor Pressure	40.4 kPa [@ 25 °C]
Vapor Density	11.6 [<i>Ref Std:</i> AIR=1]
Specific Gravity	1.6 [@ 68 °F] [<i>Ref Std:</i> WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Nil
Solubility- non-water	<i>No Data Available</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	<i>No Data Available</i>
Autoignition temperature	<i>Not Applicable</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Viscosity	0.6 centipoise [@ 25 °C]
Molecular weight	<i>No Data Available</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds	1600 g/l [<i>Test Method:</i> calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	100 %
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	1600 g/l [<i>Test Method:</i> calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Light

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong bases

Amines

Alcohols

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**Substance**

Hydrogen Fluoride

Condition

At Elevated Temperatures - extreme conditions of heat

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

If the product is exposed to extreme condition of heat from misuse or equipment failure, toxic decomposition products that include hydrogen fluoride and perfluoroisobutylene can occur. Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects**Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

No known health effects.

Skin Contact:

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Eye Contact:

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonafluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonafluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 1,227 mg/l

1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
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ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 ppm	pre mating & during gestation
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 ppm	pre mating & during gestation
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 ppm	pre mating & during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Inhalation	nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	2 hours
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonfluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	All data are negative	Dog	Sensitization Negative	17 minutes

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
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						Duration
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonafluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Inhalation	liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 ppm	90 days
1,1,1,2,2,4,5,5,5-Nonafluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pentanone	Inhalation	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system muscles nervous system respiratory system vascular system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 ppm	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

<u>Test Organism</u>	<u>Test Type</u>	<u>Result</u>
Green algae, Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours Effect Concentration 50%	7.7 mg/l
Zebra Fish, Brachydanio rerio	96 hours Lethal Concentration 50%	>1200 mg/l
Water flea, Daphnia magna	48 hours Effect Concentration 50%	>1200 mg/l
Green algae, Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours No obs Effect Conc	1.2 mg/l

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials.

Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Regulatory information

14.1. US Federal Regulations

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No

14.2. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA.

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korean Toxic Chemical Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Japan Chemical Substance Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 15: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Instability: 1 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical Hazard: 1 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).



The MSDS format adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet regulatory requirements in other countries.

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6095FR "FE-36"
Revised 30-AUG-2007

CHEMICAL PRODUCT/COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Identification

"FE-36" is a registered trademark of DuPont.

Corporate MSDS Number : DU009026
CAS Number : 690-39-1
Formula : CF3-CH2-CF3
CAS Name : 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane

Tradenames and Synonyms

HFC-236fa
HEXAFLUOROPROPANE
CC0610

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components

Material	CAS Number	%
1,1,1,3,3,3-HEXAFLUOROPROPANE (HFC-236fa)	690-39-1	99-100

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation of high concentrations of HFC-236fa, such as those that may be achieved under conditions of abuse or inappropriate use, may cause adverse central nervous system and cardiac effects. The effects may include dizziness, lightheadedness, confusion, weakness and unconsciousness, and in extreme cases the heart may become sensitized to

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(HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION - Continued)

epinephrine and may result in death without warning.

HFC-236fa may cause frostbite if liquid or escaping vapor contacts the skin.

HFC-236fa may cause "frostbite-like" effects if the liquid or escaping vapors contact the eyes.

Ingestion is not considered a probable route of exposure for HFC-236fa.

Carcinogenicity Information

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid

INHALATION

If inhaled, immediately remove to fresh air. Keep person calm. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT

Flush area with lukewarm water. Do not use hot water. If frostbite has occurred, call a physician.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

INGESTION

Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Notes to Physicians

THIS MATERIAL MAY MAKE THE HEART MORE SUSCEPTIBLE TO ARRHYTHMIAS. Catecholamines such as adrenaline, and other compounds having similar effects, should be reserved for emergencies and then used only with special caution.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties

Will not burn. Not a fire or explosion hazard. "FE-36" is used as a fire extinguishant. Hazardous gas/vapor produced in fire is hydrogen fluoride.

Extinguishing Media

Use media appropriate for surrounding material.

Fire Fighting Instructions

(For example: when "FE-36" is exposed to fire from surrounding material) - Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full protective equipment. Cool tank/container with water spray.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Keep upwind of leak - evacuate until gas has dispersed.

Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area before reentering.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel)

Do not breathe gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Keep away from sparks, flames and hot (glowing) surfaces.

Storage

Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do NOT drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (>3000 psig) piping or systems. Do NOT heat

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(HANDLING AND STORAGE - Continued)

cylinder. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder.

Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Separate full containers from empty containers. Storage area temperatures should not exceed 125 deg F (52 deg C) and should be free of combustible materials. Avoid area where salt or other corrosive materials are present. Avoid excessive inventory and storage time. Use a first-in first-out system. Keep accurate inventory records.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed.

Vapors of the compound are heavier than air, posing a hazard of asphyxia if they are trapped in enclosed or low places.

Personal Protective Equipment

EYE/FACE PROTECTION

Wear safety glasses or coverall chemical splash goggles.

RESPIRATORS

Wear NIOSH approved respiratory protection, as appropriate.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Wear impervious clothing, such as gloves, apron, boots, or whole bodysuit as appropriate.

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Limits

"FE-36"

PEL (OSHA)	: None Established
TLV (ACGIH)	: None Established
AEL * (DuPont)	: 1000 ppm, 8 & 12 Hr. TWA
WEEL (AIHA)	: 1000 ppm, 8 Hr. TWA

* AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Data

Boiling Point	: -1.4 C (29.5 F) @ 760 mm Hg
Vapor Pressure	: 272.4 kPa @ 25 C (77 F)
Melting Point	: -98 C (-144 F)
Freezing Point	: -103 C (-153 F)
Form	: Liquefied gas
Color	: Colorless
Specific Gravity	: 1.370 gm/cc

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stable.

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible with strong bases, metallic sodium, potassium, lithium.

Decomposition

Decomposes in open flames and hot (glowing) surfaces.

Hazardous gas/vapor produced is hydrogen fluoride.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Animal Data

HFC 236fa

Inhalation 4 hour LC50: > 457,000 ppm in rats

Single exposure by inhalation caused narcosis and cardiac sensitization, a potentially fatal disturbance of heart rhythm associated with a heightened sensitivity to the action of epinephrine; in a cardiac sensitization screening test in dogs exposed to concentrations of 50,000 to 250,000 ppm evidence of sensitization occurred at 150,000 ppm. Repeated exposures caused a reduced startling response in rats. No other significant toxicological effects were observed. No-Observed-Adverse-Effect-Level (NOAEL): 20,000 ppm.

Developmental studies conducted in rats and rabbits at dose

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(TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - Continued)

levels of 5000, 20,000 or 50,000 ppm produced no evidence of developmental toxicity. HFC 236fa was not uniquely toxic to the rat or rabbit conceptus. Specific studies to evaluate the effect on female reproductive performance have not been conducted; however, limited information obtained from studies on developmental toxicity do not indicate adverse effects on female reproductive performance. Tests have shown that HFC 236fa does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures. No animal data are available to define carcinogenic effects of HFC 236fa.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

96 hour LC50 - Zebra fish: 292 mg/L
96 hour LC50 - Freshwater algae: > 186 mg/L
48 hour LC50 - Daphnia magna: 299 mg/L

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations.

TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Shipping Information

Not Regulated as a hazardous material by DOT, IMO, or IATA.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory Status : Listed.

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OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA, NPCA-HMIS

NPCA-HMIS Rating	
Health	: 1
Flammability	: 0
Reactivity	: 1

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.