

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

QA1 REV [™] Series Carbon <u>Fiber Driveshafts</u> QA1 P/N JJ-2xxxx, JJC-AA0310, JJC-AC0360

• LEGAL DISCLAIMER NOTICE •

THIS COMPOSITE DRIVESHAFT PRODUCT AND RELATED COMPONENTS ARE SOLD AS-IS WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY WHATSOEVER, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. QA1 ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY FOR THE SELECTION, INSTALLATION, OR ANY USE OF THE PRODUCTS. THE END USER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE PRODUCT WILL BE USED FOR RACING AND ASSUMES ANY AND ALL RISKS RELATED TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. THE END USER AND ANY PERSON WHO INSTALLS THIS PRODUCT AND RELATED COMPONENTS ARE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINATION OF THE SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT AND COMPONENTS SELECTED. THE END USER INSTALLS AND USES THE PRODUCTS AND COMPONENTS AT THEIR OWN RISK AND AGREES TO FULLY INDEMNIFY QA1 AGAINST ANY CLAIMS DAMAGES OR LOSSES RESULTING FROM THE SELECTION, INSTALLATION, OR USE OF THE PRODUCTS OR RELATED COMPONENTS.

ONLY EXPERIENCED AND QUALIFIED PERSONS SHOULD INSTALL THE PRODUCTS AND COMPONENTS. IF YOU ARE NOT QUALIFIED TO SAFELY PERFORM THE INSTALLATION OF THE PRODUCT OR RELATED COMPONENTS, PLEASE CONTACT A REPUTABLE SHOP OR PERSON TO PERFORM THE WORK. FAILURE TO PROPERLY INSTALL THE PRODUCT OR RELATED COMPONENTS MAY RESULT IN VEHICLE DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

WARNING: Be sure to inspect all components regularly, especially following a crash. Do not use any

components which may have been damaged.

WARNING: Composite driveshafts are fragile and if dropped or damaged will be considered scrap and should

be replaced.

Installation of a Carbon Fiber Driveshaft

Ensure all components are clean and free of contaminants and debris.

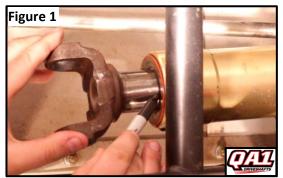
1. Check the slip yoke fit and travel in transmission.

a) Install the slip yoke into the transmission. Apply the transmission manufacturer's recommended

lubricant to the slip yoke before installation.

b) Verify that the slip yoke will fully engage into the transmission tail housing by sliding the slip yoke in until it stops.

c) Make note of where the slip yoke stops, either against the transmission seal or if it bottoms out internally against the transmission output shaft and record this for future reference. If the slip yoke bottoms out internally, use a permanent marker to draw a line where the slip



yoke stops. (See **Figure 1**) It is important to reference this point when making chassis adjustments, such as wheelbase or vehicle ride height, in order to verify the driveshaft does not bottom out in the transmission as the suspension moves through its full range of travel. If the driveshaft ever fully bottoms out on the transmission, it will damage the transmission or the driveshaft.

- d) Verify the slip yoke movement in transmission. The yoke should be a slip fit and be able to slide smoothly in and out of the transmission.
- e) Check the fit between the slip yoke and the transmission tail housing bushing. Position the slip yoke in the transmission to the approximate racing location. Hold on to the universal joint end of the slip yoke and move it up and down ensuring there is not an excessive amount of slip yoke movement. If the amount of movement is excessive, the bushing in the transmission tail housing may need to be replaced.
- 2. With the front of the driveshaft installed, verify the fit of the rear driveshaft universal joint to the pinion yoke.
 - a) Ensure the rear suspension is at the full droop position
 - b) Ensure the pinion yoke universal cap area is clean and free of dirt or debris. Pay close attention to the area next to the locating tab, which can be seen in **Figure 2**.
 - c) Install the driveshaft universal joint into the pinion yoke.
 - d) Verify that the universal joint fits snugly between the locating tabs on the pinion yoke. (Figure 2)
 - e) Ensure the universal joint cap diameter matches that of the pinion yoke.
 - f) Check the clearance between the driveshaft and pinion yokes. Put the transmission in neutral and spin driveshaft to look for any points of contact between the driveshaft and pinion yoke. Now is also a good time to ensure that there is no contact between the slip yoke and the front of the driveshaft.
 - g) Examine the U-bolts and nuts to ensure that they are long enough for full thread engagement and are in good condition.
 - h) Install and torque the U-bolts to the correct spec below. Be careful not to over-tighten the U-bolts as this can deform the universal joint cap and cause premature wear or failure.



Series	Torque Spec
1310	14-17 Lb Ft
1330	14-17 Lb Ft
1350	20-24 Lb Ft





3. Traveling the Rear Suspension

a) Always travel the suspension through its full range of motion to ensure that the driveshaft is able to handle the misalignment and that driveshaft does not contact components on the bottom side of the vehicle. Pay close attention to any seat belt bolts, frame members, suspension components, floor pan, and exhaust to make sure they do not touch the driveshaft. (See **Figure 3**) Be sure to use good shop practices and always use jack stands.

- b) Using a floor jack, raise the rear end housing to its maximum travel. Verify that the slip yoke does not come out of or plunge into the transmission too far throughout the entire range of suspension motion. Also, check that the driveshaft will rotate around the universal joints without binding or hitting any other components.
- c) Note in Figure 4 where the U-bolts can contact the yoke during extreme pinion angle changes. This is one area to watch for interference between the U-bolt and tube yoke. Be sure to check all around yokes to ensure clearance.



Additional Driveshaft Information

Washing Recommendations

It is recommended to wash the composite driveshaft with soap and water only. Avoid contact with chemicals.

Proper Universal Joint Installation Procedure

It is recommended to cold press the universal joints in and out of the driveshaft for replacement as the addition of heat to the tube yoke will cause the bond between the yoke and tube to fail. Do not mix bearing cups and bearing journals, see note below. Ensure retaining clips are fully seated by tapping them into place with a hammer and punch. Each cap has a small removable thrust washer inside it - take care not to lose these.

Spicer Sealed Universal Joints

Do not mix bearing cups on bearing journals. Due to the exact amount of lubrication required for each cup, cups must remain matched with cross journals. Mismatching of cups on cross journals will result in improper quantities of lubrication in cups, causing premature joint failure. Addition of lubrication may damage bearing cup seals, leading to premature joint failure. Numbering the bearing cups and journals will is recommended to prevent mixing them up. Please refer to Dana Spicer document J311-21 and **Figure 5**.

