

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

ELECTRIC FUEL PUMPS - Mr. Gasket Part No. 95P, 105P and 130P FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR - Mr. Gasket Part No. 2015

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE BEGINNING INSTALLATION. #95P AND #105P ARE NOT COMPATIBLE WITH ALCOHOL OR METHANOL FUELS AND ARE NOT FOR FUEL INJECTED SYSTEMS.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Mr. Gasket Electric Fuel Pump **#95P** is a gravity feed vane/rotor type high volume low pressure pump designed for street applications. The operating fuel pressure is factory set at 7 PSI. Normally, a fuel pressure regulator is not necessary. We recommend a 3/8" I.D. hose with this fuel system. #95P free flows at 95 GPH and 65 GPH at 5 PSI.

The Mr. Gasket Electric Fuel Pump #105P is a gravity feed vane/rotor type high volume low pressure pump designed for strip applications. The operating fuel pressure is factory set at 14 PSI. This pump must be used with a fuel pressure regulator, which is included. We recommend a 3/8" I.D. hose with this fuel system. The fuel return line should be as large, or larger, than the fuel line between the fuel pump and the regulator. #105P free flows at 105 GPH and 70 GPH at 9 PSI.

The Mr. Gasket Electric Fuel Pump #130P is a gravity feed vane/rotor type high volume low pressure pump designed for race applications and is compatible with alcohol and methanol fuels. The operating fuel pressure is factory set at 14 PSI. This pump must be used with a fuel pressure regulator, which is NOT included. We recommend Mr. Gasket Part. No. #2015. We also recommend a 3/8" I.D. hose with this fuel system. The fuel return line should be as large, or larger, than the fuel line between the fuel pump and the regulator. #130P free flows at 130 GPH and 115 GPH at 9 PSI.

The Mr. Gasket Fuel Pressure Regulator **#2015** is a return-style fuel pressure regulator. The operating fuel pressure range is 4.5 – 9 PSI. The inlet/outlet size is 3/8" NPT. The fuel return line size should be 3/8" I.D. or larger or the regulator will not regulate properly. Refer to Figure 2.

When installing the fuel pump fittings, use a fuel resistant thread sealant compound on the fitting threads. DO NOT use thread sealing tape or silicone based sealant. Do not over tighten fittings, as this could cause parts to crack, which may cause fuel leakage.

MOUNTING PROCEDURE

Step 1

Mount the pump as close as possible to the fuel tank (at or below the level of the fuel tank pickup) in a well ventilated area. The pump should not be subjected to low ground clearance, road debris or chassis movement. Avoid exposing the pump and fuel lines to moving parts and hot surfaces, such as the exhaust system. NOTE: Increasing distance between the pump and tank will decrease pump efficiency.

Step 2

Using the pump mounting bracket as a template, drill two holes for 5/16" bolts. Insert the rubber gaskets between the housing for the motor and the mounting bracket. *NOTE: Using two 5/16" bolts, mount the pump in a vertical position with the motor on top to ensure against a potential fire hazard from pump flooding.*

Step 3

Connect fuel lines as shown in Figure 1 (A or B). If your fuel system requires a fuel pressure regulator, proceed to the instructions with the fuel pressure regulator. **NOTE: Avoid unnecessary restrictions in hoses and undersized fittings or hoses.**All fuel line connections should be leak proof.

FIGURE 1A MR. GASKET ELECTRIC FUEL PUMP #95P (DOES NOT INCLUDE REGULATOR)

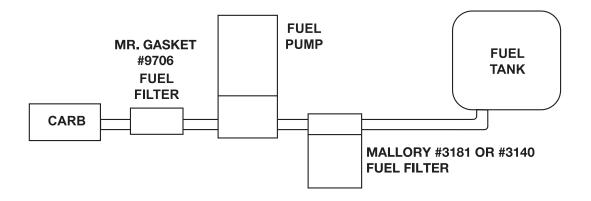
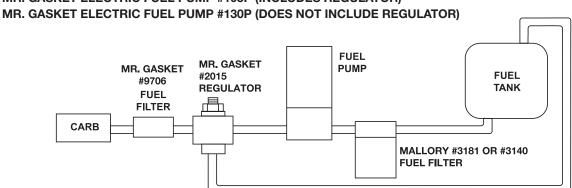


FIGURE 1B

MR. GASKET ELECTRIC FUEL PUMP #105P (INCLUDES REGULATOR)



FUEL RETURN

Step 4

If you choose to no longer use your mechanical fuel pump, make sure to disconnect the fuel lines, plug the ports and bypass the pump from the circuit. If you choose to remove your mechanical fuel pump, make sure to seal the opening with a metal cover and gasket. We recommend Mr. Gasket Part No. 1515, 1516, 1517, 9125G or 9126G depending on your application.

PRESSURE REGULATOR INSTALLATION Step 1

Mount the fuel pressure regulator as close as possible to the carburetor. *Note: Do not mount the regulator on or near exhaust manifolds. A bracket is provided for convenient mounting.*

Step 2

Attach the fuel line from the outlet side of the fuel pump to the inlet side of the fuel pressure regulator. See Figure 1B above. All fuel line connections should be leak proof. The fuel return line should be as large, or larger, than the fuel line between the fuel pump and the regulator. See Figure 2 for size recommendations.

FIGURE 2 FUEL RETURN LINE SIZE RECOMMENDATIONS

Fuel Return Line Length/Distance	GAL. PER HOUR (FREE FLOW)		
	1 to 99	100 to 129	130 to 199
16'-20'	1/2"	1/2"	5/8"
11'-15'	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"
6'-10'	3/8"	1/2"	1/2"
1'-5'	3/8"	1/2"	1/2"
	3/8" = 6AN	1/2" = 8AN	5/8" = 10AN

FIGURE 3 WIRING PROCEDURE

FROM VEHICLE BATTERY TO COIL (+) TO ACCESSORIES FUSE (7.5 AMP) RED FUSE (7.5 AMP) RED FUSE (7.5 AMP) FUSE (7.5 AMP)

FUEL PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

Depending on requirements, the regulator may need adjustment. To increase regulator pressure, turn adjustment screw clockwise; and turning the adjustment screw counterclockwise will decrease pressure. NOTE: Turning the adjustment screw all the way will cause carburetor flooding. Make sure to use a fuel pressure gauge when adjusting fuel pressure.

WIRING PROCEDURE

Wiring the pump to an oil pressure switch will provide power only when the ignition switch is on and the engine is running. This will prevent the pump from running if your engine stalls. Use 14 gauge wire or larger. See Figure 3, 4 or 5. **NOTE: Disconnect the battery ground cable before wiring the pump.**

FIGURE 4 WIRING WITH RELAY

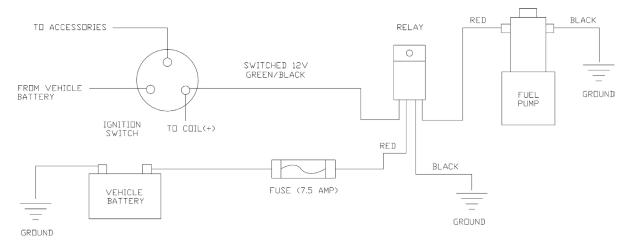
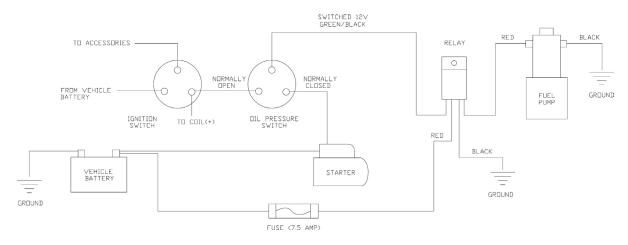


FIGURE 5
WIRING WITH OIL PRESSURE SAFETY SWITCH



MAINTENANCE - PUMP DISASSEMBLY

If your pump fails to produce acceptable pressure, it may need cleaning. Follow the steps below to dissemble and clean your Mr. Gasket Electric Fuel Pump. Refer to Figure 6 while performing the following steps.

Step 1

Remove the pump from the vehicle and clean pump exterior. DO NOT immerse the unit in any liquid, as it could damage the pump, resulting in malfunction. Place the pump on a clean work surface.

Step 2

On the bottom of the pump, remove the 5 bolts. Next, remove the bottom plate, followed by the upper plate gasket and rotor stop plate. Observe the position of the rotor, rotor vanes, flame arrestor and relief valve so that you can reassemble the pump correctly.

Step 3

Remove the flame arrestor screen and observe the exact location of the screen. Remove the rotor vanes and rotor by turning over the pump.

Step 4

Unscrew the bypass screw and be careful as the bypass spring behind it is biased outwardly. Once bypass spring is removed, take out bypass plunger.

Step 5

Clean the housing with spray-on carburetor cleaner. Next, use compressed air to blow the pump base dry.

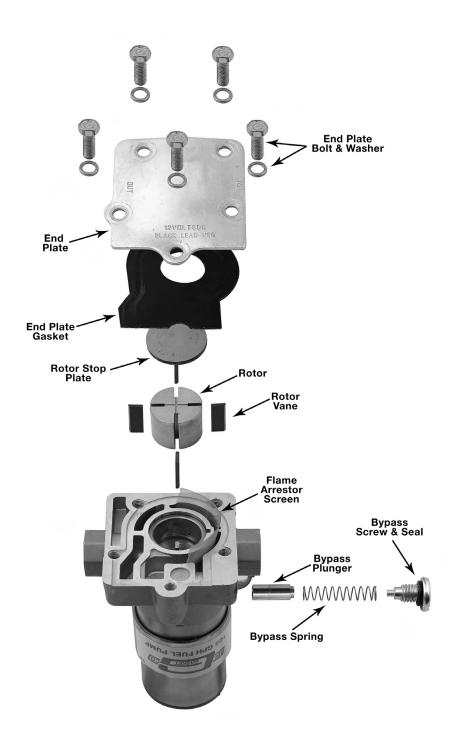
Step 6

Clean your rusty relief plunger with emery paper so it slides freely in the base. Do the same with the rotor vanes so they slide freely in the rotor slot.

Step 7

To reassemble your Mr. Gasket Electric Fuel Pump, first replace the rotor stop plate. Install the flame arrestor, ensuring that the screen is behind the screen stop. Next, replace the upper plate gasket then the upper plate. Finally, fasten the 5 bolts into the bottom of your pump. Install the fuel pump in the vehicle.

FIGURE 6 PUMP DISSASEMBLY



TROUBLE SHOOTING

BOUNCING OR ERRATIC FUEL PRESSURE

- Install a return style fuel pressure regulator if one is not already installed.
- Check for and remove any unnecessary restrictions in hoses as well as excessive fittings.
- Install a fuel return line that is one size larger than the feed
- Confirm the fuel return line pressure is free flowing back to the fuel tank with less than 2 lbs. of pressure.

PUMP IS LOUD OR MAKING EXCESSIVE NOISE

- There may be a leak you cannot see or smell. Double check all the fittings and hoses.

MR GASKET SYSTEMS FUEL SYSTEMS