

COMPANY IDENTITY: KENTOOL
PRODUCT IDENTITY: BEAD-EZE / DETECTO MIST

DATE: 11/26/14
PAGE: 1 OF 8

SAFETY DATA SHEET

This Safety Data Sheet conforms to ANSI Z400.5, and to the format requirements and the International Chemical Safety Cards of the Global Harmonizing System.

THIS SDS COMPLIES WITH 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD)

IMPORTANT: Read this SDS before handling & disposing of this product.

Pass this information on to employees, customers, & users of this product.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND OF THE SUPPLIER

PRODUCT IDENTITY: BEAD-EZE / DETECTO MIST
NEW MSDS DATE: 11/26/2014
COMPANY IDENTITY: KENTOOL

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CAUTION



RISK STATEMENTS:
R36/38 Irritating to eyes, and skin.

SAFETY STATEMENTS:
S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, and eye/face protection.

SEE SECTIONS 8, 11 & 12 FOR TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL	CAS#	EINECS#	WT %
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	85-95
Sodium Dodecylbenzene Sulfonate	25155-30-0	246-680-4	0-10

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

If this product enters the eyes, open eyes while under gently running water. Use sufficient force to open eyelids. "Roll" eyes to expose more surface. Minimum flushing is for 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

If the product contaminates the skin, immediately begin decontamination with running water. Minimum flushing is for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing, taking care not to contaminate eyes. If skin becomes irritated and irritation persists, medical attention may be necessary. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse, discard contaminated shoes.

INHALATION:

Not a significant inhalation hazard.

SWALLOWING:

If swallowed, CALL PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER FOR MOST CURRENT INFORMATION. If professional advice is not available, give two glasses of water to drink. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never induce vomiting or give liquids to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or unable to swallow. Seek immediate medical attention.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Any material aspirated during vomiting may cause lung injury. Therefore, emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. If it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents, this should be done by means least likely to cause aspiration (such as: Gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation).

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FIRE & EXPLOSION PREVENTIVE MEASURES

Isolate from strong oxidizers, extreme heat and open flame.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use appropriate extinguishing media for surrounding fires.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Water spray may be ineffective on fire but can protect fire-fighters & cool closed containers. Use fog nozzles if water is used. Do not enter confined fire-space without full bunker gear. (Helmet with face shield, bunker coats, gloves & rubber boots). Use NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

UNUSUAL EXPLOSION AND FIRE PROCEDURES

Noncombustible.

Closed containers may burst if exposed to extreme heat. Applying to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL AND LEAK RESPONSE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using pre-planned procedures. Proper protective equipment should be used. In case of a spill, clear the affected area, protect people, and respond with trained personnel.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

The proper personal protective equipment for incidental releases (such as: 1 Liter of the product released in a well-ventilated area), use impermeable gloves (triple-gloves (rubber gloves and nitrile gloves, over latex gloves), goggles, face shield, and appropriate body protection. In the event of a large release, use impermeable gloves, specific for the material handled, chemically resistant suit and boots, and hard hat. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus or respirator may be required where engineering controls are not adequate or conditions for potential exposure exist. When respirators are required, select NIOSH/MSHA approved based on actual or potential airborne concentrations in accordance with latest OSHA and/or ANSI recommendations.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Stop spill at source. Construct temporary dikes of dirt, sand, or any appropriate readily available material to prevent spreading of the material. Close or cap valves and/or block or plug hole in leaking container and transfer to another container. Keep from entering storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways, and if necessary, call the local fire or police department for immediate emergency assistance.

CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN-UP MEASURES:

Absorb spilled liquid with polypads or other suitable absorbent materials. If necessary, neutralize using suitable buffering material, (acid with soda ash or base with phosphoric acid), and test area with litmus paper to confirm neutralization. Clean up with non-combustible absorbent (such as: sand, soil, and so on). Shovel up and place all spill residue in suitable containers. dispose of at an appropriate waste disposal facility according to current applicable laws and regulations and product characteristics at time of disposal (see Section 13 - Disposal Considerations).

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact.
To minimize static discharge when transferring, ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding all equipment. Use an inlet line diameter of at least 3.5 inches (8.9 centimeters) with a maximum flow rate of 1 meter/second.

STORAGE

Isolate from strong oxidants. Do not store above 49 C/120 F.
Keep container tightly closed & upright when not in use to prevent leakage.

NONBULK: CONTAINERS:

Store containers in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Material should be stored in secondary containers or in a diked area, as appropriate. Store containers away from incompatible chemicals (see Section 10, Stability and Reactivity). Post warning and "NO SMOKING" signs in storage and use areas, as appropriate. Empty containers should be handled with care. Never store food, feed, or drinking water in containers which held this product.

BULK CONTAINERS:

All tanks and pipelines which contain this material must be labeled. Perform routine maintenance on tanks or pipelines which contain this product. Report all leaks immediately to the proper personnel.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE (CONTINUED)

TANK CAR SHIPMENTS:

Tank cars carrying this product should be loaded and unloaded in strict accordance with tank-car manufacturer's recommendation and all established on-site safety procedures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be used (see Section 8, Engineering Controls and Personal Protective Equipment.). All loading and unloading equipment must be inspected, prior to each use. Loading and unloading operations must be attended, at all times. Tank cars must be level, brakes must be set or wheels must be locked or blocked prior to loading or unloading. Tank car (for loading) or storage tanks (for unloading) must be verified to be correct for receiving this product and be properly prepared, prior to starting the transfer operations. Hoses must be verified to be in the correct positions, before starting transfer operations. A sample (if required) must be taken and verified (if required) prior to starting transfer operations. All lines must be blown-down and purged before disconnecting them from the tank car or vessel.

PROTECTIVE PRACTICES DURING MAINTENANCE OF CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT:

Follow practices indicated in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures). Make certain application equipment is locked and tagged-out safely. Always use this product in areas where adequate ventilation is provided. Collect all rinsates and dispose of according to applicable Federal, State, Provincial, or local procedures.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

MATERIAL	CAS#	EINECS#	TWA (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	None Known	None Known
Sodium Dodecylbenzene Sulfonate	25155-30-0	246-680-4	None Known	None Known

This product contains no EPA Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP) in amounts > 0.1%.

RESPIRATORY EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below exposure limits given above. If respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized in 29 CFR 1910.134, European Standard EN 149, or applicable State regulations. If adequate ventilation is not available or there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limits, a respirator may be worn up to the respirator exposure limitations, check with respirator equipment manufacturer's recommendations/limitations. For a higher level of protection, use positive pressure supplied air respiration protection or Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus or if oxygen levels are below 19.5% or are unknown.

EMERGENCY OR PLANNED ENTRY INTO UNKNOWN CONCENTRATIONS OR IDLH CONDITIONS

Positive pressure, full-face piece Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; or positive pressure, full-face piece Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus with an auxiliary positive pressure Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.

VENTILATION

LOCAL EXHAUST: Necessary
SPECIAL: None
MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Necessary
OTHER: None
Please refer to ACGIH document, "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices", most recent edition, for details.

EYE PROTECTION:

Splash goggles or safety glasses. Face-shields are recommended when the operation can generate splashes, sprays or mists.

HAND PROTECTION:

Wear appropriate impervious gloves for routine industrial use. Use impervious gloves for spill response, as stated in Section 6 of this SDS (Accidental Release Measures).
NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (CONTINUED)

BODY PROTECTION:

Use body protection appropriate for task. Cover-all, rubber aprons, or chemical protective clothing made from impervious materials are generally acceptable, depending on the task.

WORK & HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Provide readily accessible eye wash stations & safety showers. Wash at end of each shift & before eating, smoking or using the toilet. Remove clothing that becomes contaminated. Destroy contaminated leather articles. Launder or discard contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE:	Liquid, Red
ODOR:	None
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not Available
pH (Neutrality):	9.0
MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT:	Not Available
BOILING RANGE (IBP,50%,Dry Point):	100 100 100*C/212 212 212*F(*=End Point)
FLASH POINT (TEST METHOD):	Not Applicable
EVAPORATION RATE (n-BUTYL ACETATE=1):	Not Applicable
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:	Non-Combustible
LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT IN AIR (% by vol):	Not Applicable
UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT IN AIR (% by vol):	Not Available
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm of Hg)@20 C	17.5
VAPOR DENSITY (air=1):	0.670
GRAVITY @ 68/68 F / 20/20 C:	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Water=1):	1.010
POUNDS/GALLON:	8.413
WATER SOLUBILITY:	Complete
PARTITION COEFFICIENT (n-Octane/Water):	Not Available
AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE:	Not Applicable
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:	Not Available
REFRACTIVE INDEX:	1.333
VOC'S (>0.44 Lbs/Sq In) :	0.0 Vol% /0.0 g/L / 0.000 Lbs/Gal
TOTAL VOC'S (TVOC)*:	0.0 Vol% /0.0 g/L / 0.000 Lbs/Gal
NONEXEMPT VOC'S (CVOC)*:	0.0 Vol% /0.0 g/L / 0.000 Lbs/Gal
HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS (HAPS):	0.0 Wt% /0.0 g/L / 0.000 Lbs/Gal
NONEXEMPT VOC PARTIAL PRESSURE (mm of Hg @ 20 C)	0.0

* Using California South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 443.1.

SECTION 10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Isolate from extreme heat, and open flames.

MATERIALS TO AVOID

Isolate from strong oxidizers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Sodium Oxide & Hydroxide, Carbon Oxides from heating.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE HAZARDS

EYE & SKIN CONTACT:

Acute overexposure can cause irritation to skin.
Acute overexposure can cause irritation to eyes.
Liquid can cause eye irritation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

INHALATION:

No significant hazard.

SWALLOWING:

Swallowing can cause abdominal irritation, nausea, vomiting & diarrhea.

SUBCHRONIC HAZARDS/CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED

CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED

None Known.

CHRONIC HAZARDS

CANCER, REPRODUCTIVE & OTHER CHRONIC HAZARDS:

This product has no carcinogens listed by IARC, NTP, NIOSH, OSHA or ACGIH, as of this date, greater or equal to 0.1%.

IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT: This product is irritating to contaminated tissue.

SENSITIZATION TO THE PRODUCT: No component of this product is known to be a sensitizer.

MUTAGENICITY: This product is not reported to produce mutagenic effects in humans.

EMBRYOTOXICITY: This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.

TERATOGENICITY: This product is not reported to produce teratogenic effects in humans.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans.

A mutagen is a chemical which causes permanent changes to genetic material (DNA) such that the changes will propagate through generational lines. An embryotoxin is a chemical which causes damage to a developing embryo (such as: within the eight weeks of pregnancy in humans), but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A teratogen is a chemical which causes damage to a developing fetus, but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A reproductive toxin is any substance which interferes in any way with the reproductive process.

MAMMALIAN TOXICITY INFORMATION

No mammalian information is available on this product.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON PLANTS OR ANIMALS:

This product may be harmful or fatal to plant and animal life if released into the environment. Refer to Section 11 (Toxicological Information) for further data on the effects of this product's components on test animals.

EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON AQUATIC LIFE:

No aquatic environmental information is available on this product.

MOBILITY IN SOIL

This material is a mobile liquid.

DEGRADABILITY

This product is partially biodegradable.

ACCUMULATION

Bioaccumulation of this product has not been determined.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Processing, use or contamination may change the waste management options. Recycle / dispose of observing national, regional, state, provincial and local health, safety & pollution laws. If in doubt, contact appropriate agencies.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT SHIPPING NAME: None
DRUM LABEL: None
IATA / ICAO: None
IMO / IMDG: None
EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK NUMBER: None



SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA REGULATION:

SARA SECTION 311/312 HAZARDS: Acute Health

All components of this product are on the TSCA list.

This material contains no known products restricted under SARA Title III, Section 313 in amounts greater or equal to 1%.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

The components of this product are listed on the chemical inventories of the following countries:

Australia (AICS), Canada (DSL, NDSL), China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS, ELINCS), Japan (METI/CSCL, MHLW/ISHL), South Korea (KECI), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS), Switzerland (SWISS), Taiwan (NECSI), USA (TSCA).

CANADA: WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

D2B: Irritating to skin / eyes.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HAZARD RATINGS:

HEALTH (NFPA): 1, HEALTH (HMIS): 1, FLAMMABILITY: 1, REACTIVITY: 0
(Personal Protection Rating to be supplied by user based on use conditions.)
This information is intended solely for the use of individuals
trained in the NFPA & HMIS hazard rating systems.

NOTICE

The supplier disclaims all expressed or implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a specific use, with respect to the product or the information provided herein, except for conformation to contracted specifications. All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from manufacturers and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond our control, and therefore users are responsible for verifying the data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their handling, and disposal of the product. Users also assume all risks in regards to the publication or use of, or reliance upon information contained herein. This information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or process.

Unless updated, the Safety Data Sheet is valid until 11/26/2017.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
(Essentially Similar to U.S. DOL OSHA Form 174)

IDENTITY: Detecto Mist/Bead-Eze

CHEMICAL FORMULA: Mixture

SECTION 1

Manufacturer's Name:	Ken-Tool	Health	1
		Flammability	1
		Reactivity	0

SECTION II – Hazardous Ingredients Information

Ingredient	CAS #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other	% (Optional)
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	1300-72-7	None Estab.	None Estab.	-	<1.0
Rhodamine B Red Dye	-	None Estab.	None Estab.	-	<0.1
Sodium Dodecylbenzene Sulfonate	25155-30-0	None Estab.	None Estab.	-	3%

SECTION III – Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point:	>180 degrees Fahrenheit	Special Gravity:	1.01
Vapor Pressure:	None Available	Melting Point:	Not Available
Vapor Density (Air = 1):	Not Available	Evaporation Rate:	Not Determined
Solubility in Water:	Soluble	P.H.:	7-8
Appearance:	Pink Liquid		

SECTION IV – Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point:	>200 F.	Flammable Limits:	Not Determined
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Extinguishing Media: Water Fog, Foam, Dry Chemical or Carbon Dioxide

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Clear fire area of unprotected personnel. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective equipment including a NIOSH-approved Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None known.

SECTION V – Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable Unstable

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks and flames.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Carbon Monoxide and unidentified organic compounds.

Hazardous Polymerization: May Occur Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid: None

SECTION VI – Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry: X Inhalation X Skin X Ingestion

Health Hazards:

Acute: May irritate eyes and skin; exposure to mist may cause mild irritation to nose, throat and respiratory tract; overexposure may result in central nervous system depression.

Chronic: Prolonged and repeated exposure may result in dermatitis, breathing difficulties and central nervous system depression.

Carcinogenicity: Neither the product nor any of the ingredients are listed by NTP, IARC, or OSHA as carcinogenic.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Preexisting eye, skin and respiratory disorders.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Eyes: Immediately flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes; if irritation develops, seek medical help.

Skin: Wash with soap and water; if irritation occurs, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air; administer oxygen if breathing is difficult; seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Call a physician.

SECTION VII – Precautions for Safe Handling

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Absorb with an inert material such as sand, soil or vermiculite; sweep up and dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations; flush area with water to remove residues; dispose of flush solution in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Waste Disposal Method: In accordance with all federal, state and local regulations. Refer to most recent EPA or state regulation regarding disposal.

Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing: Keep liquid/mist/vapor away from heat, sparks and flames; launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Other Precautions: None.

SECTION VIII – Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: Always wear NIOSH approved respiratory protective equipment when there may be potential for airborne exposure.

Ventilation: Mechanical is generally recommended: Good ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels of material.

Protective Clothing: Wear chemical goggles if eye contact is likely; wear chemical resistant gloves and other protective clothing as needed to minimize skin contact.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

SECTION IX – Transportation Data

U.S. D.O.T. Proper Shipping Name: N/A

U.S. D.O.T. Classification: N/A

The information contained herein is based on the data available to us and is believed to be correct. However, we make no warranty, expressed or implied, and Ken-Tool assumes no responsibility for any loss, damage, or expense, direct or consequential, arising out of the product's use.