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Safety Data Sheet

# Leather Care

**SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION** 

## **Product Identifiers** Name Number Brand

Product Use Supplier Name Address

Leather Care 11142, 11143, 11159, 99982B Griot's Garage Cleaning leather materials.

## Telephone **Emergency Phone** Prepared/Revised

## **SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the substance or mixture	
Physical Hazards	Not Classified
Health Hazards	Skin Corrosion / Irritation (Category 3), Causes mild skin irritation.
	Eye Damage / Irritation (Category 2B), Causes eye irritation.
	Reproductive Toxicity (Category 2), Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Environmental Hazards	s Not Classified
Precautionary Stateme	ents and Label Elements
Label Elements	Health Hazard
Signal Word	WARNING
Precautions	Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until
	all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective
	clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and
	easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. If skin irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention
	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Manufacturer/Supplier or competent
	authority to select medical advice or attention as appropriate.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.
Hazards not otherwise	e classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS
	HMIS Rating: Health hazard: 1 Chronic Health Hazard: 2 Flammability: 0 Physical Hazard 0
	NFPA Rating: Health hazard: 1 Fire Hazard: 0 Reactivity Hazard: 0
Supplemental Information	
	See Section 16 for alphanumeric H-Statements and P-Statements.

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/IN	FORMATION ON ING	REDIENTS	
Component	CAS No.	EC No.	% Wt.
Oleic Acid	112-80-1	204-007-1	4-6
Isopropylamine	68649-00-3	272-018-9	3-5
Benzenesulfonic Acid	68584-24-7	271-531-5	3-5
Sodium Tetraborate Decahydrate	1330-43-4	215-540-4	<1

This composition consists of a combination of ingredients. The ones potentially contributing to classified hazards are reported above. The above chemistries are provided for industrial hygiene and environmental purposes and are not intended to represent product specifications.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

Description of first aid	measures	
General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician if you feel unwell. Show this safety data sheet	
	to the doctor and first responders.	
In case of eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to	
	do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/ attention.	
In case of skin contact	Wash with plenty of water. Take off all contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated	
	clothing before reuse. Decontaminate or discard shoes. Seek immediate medical attention if you	
	feel unwell.	
If inhaled	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Contact a poison	
	center/doctor/seek immediate medical attention if you feel unwell.	
<u>If swallowed</u>	Rinse mouth. Call a poison center/doctor. Seek immediate medical attention if you feel unwell.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: See Sections 2 and 11.		
Indication of an impediate modical attention and an sid the structure to add. These superstantias he		

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media	
Suitable	Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (FOG) or foam.
<u>Unsuitable</u>	Avoid solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
	Use water spray to cool fire exposed container surfaces and to protect personnel. Thermal decomposition can produce carbon monoxide (highly toxic) and carbon dioxide (an asphyxiant at sufficient concentrations).
Advice for firefighters	As in any fire, fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent).
Further information	If employees are expected to fight fires, training and equipment information can be found in OSHA Fire Brigades Standard (29 CFR 1910.156).

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use appropriate safety equipment. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. For large spills, warn public of downwind explosion hazard.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers.

#### **Reference to other sections-resources**

For additional information, refer to Section 8: Exposure Controls and Personal Protection, Section 7: Handling, Section 12: Ecological Information, Section 13: Disposal Considerations and OSHA Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response Standard (29 CFR 1910.120).

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of dust for dry products and vapor or mist for liquids. When product is flammable or combustible, keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge. For precautions see Section 2.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened<br/>must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.Specific end useSee Section 1.

**Control parameters** Under normal conditions of use, no special precautions or control measures are required. If inhalation or skin and eye contact are possible, exposure limits determined by OSHA, ACGIH and NIOSH for components are provided. Limits are for air levels only. Skin contact can cause over exposure even when limits are met.

#### **Component Exposure Limits**

Sodium Tetraborate Decahydrate (1330-43-4): NIOSH: The recommended airborne exposure limit (REL) is 1 mg/m3 (as the Anhydrous and Pentahydrate) and 5 mg/m3 (as the Decahydrate) averaged over a 10-hour workshift. ACGIH: The threshold limit value (TLV) is 2 mg/m3 (as the inhalable fraction) averaged over an 8-hour workshift and 6 mg/m3 (as the inhalable fraction) as a STEL (short-term exposure limit).

Oleic Acid (112-80-1) – <u>Isopropylamine</u> (68649-00-3) - <u>Benzenesulfonic Acid</u> (68584-24-7 271):

No OSHA – NIOSH – ACGIH exposure limits.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Where possible, enclose operations and use local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If local exhaust ventilation or enclosure is not used respirators should be worn. Wear protective work clothing. Facilities storing, packaging or utilizing product should be equipped with an eyewash and a safety shower facility. Wash thoroughly immediately after exposure, before breaks and the end of the work shift. Post hazard and warning information in the work area. In addition, as part of an ongoing education and training effort, communicate all information on the health and safety hazards to potentially exposed workers.

## Personal protective equipment

Safety glasses and chemical resistant gloves are recommended whenever chemicals are handled. Obtain detailed information from OSHA Personal Protective Equipment Standard (29 CFR 1910.132) and equipment suppliers.

- <u>Eye/face protection</u> Face shield and, or safety glasses are recommended where misting or splashing is a risk. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).
- <u>Skin protection</u> Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable regulations and good practices. Wash and dry hands. Wash contaminated clothing and decontaminate shoes before reuse.
- <u>Respiratory protection</u> Use when overexposure potential. Improper use of respirators is dangerous. Respirators should only be used with a written program as described in the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).

## Control of environmental exposure

Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with regulations.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Emulsion Color: Champagne Odor: Leather Boiling Point/Range: 212°F (100°C) Flash Point: ≥200°F (93.3°C) Auto Ignition Temp: Not Applicable Lower Flammability Limit: Not Applicable Upper Flammability Limit: Not Applicable Vapor Pressure (mg Hg): Not Determined Vapor Density: Not Determined Freezing Point/Melting Point: 32°F (0°C) Solubility (Water): Soluble Specific Gravity (Water=1): 0.92 Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): <1 Viscosity: 6,000 – 8,000 cPs pH: 8.0 – 9.0 Volatility: Not Determined

# Physical Data is typical values based on material tested, but may vary based on composition. Values should not be accepted as guaranteed for every lot or as specifications for this product.

**Other Information** 

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Chemical Stability	Does not react under normal conditions of use. Stable under normal conditions of use.
Stability/Incompatibil	ity
	Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	None known.
Hazardous Reactions/	Decomposition Products
	Does not decompose under normal conditions; may produce CO, CO2, volatile hydrocarbons and other possibly toxic gases in fire.

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Information on Toxicological Effects

Component toxicity	Oleic Acid (112-80-1): Acute toxicity LD50 Oral - Rat - 74,000 mg/kg - LD50 Intravenous - Rat - 2.4
<u>component toxicity</u>	mg/kg - LD50 Intraperitoneal - Mouse - 282 mg/kg - LD50 Intravenous - Mouse - 230 mg/kg
	Isopropylamine (68649-00-3): LD50 Rabbit Dermal Acute > 4000 mg/kg LD50 Rat Oral 1800 mg/kg
	Benzenesulfonic Acid (68584-24-7): Dermal Acute > 2000 mg/kg LD50 Rat Oral 500 - 2000 mg/kg
	Sodium Tetraborate Decahydrate 1330-43-4: Acute toxicity LD50 Oral - Rat - 2,400 - 2,600 mg/kg
	LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 2,000 mg/kg - Rabbit Result: Moderate eye irritation. Reproductive
	toxicity fetotoxicity: Presumed human reproductive toxicant - Animal feeding studies in rat,
	mouse and dog, at high doses, have demonstrated effects on fertility and testes. Studies with the
	chemically related boric acid (rat, mouse and rabbit) at high doses, demonstrate developmental
	effects on the fetus, including fetal weight loss and minor skeletal variations. The doses
	administered were many times in excess of those to which humans would normally be exposed.
	Human epidemiological studies show no increase in pulmonary disease in occupational
	populations with chronic exposures to boric acid dust and sodium borate dust. A recent
	epidemiological study under the conditions of normal occupational exposure to borate dusts
	indicated no effect on fertility.
Mixture toxicity	Skin corrosion/irritation – Inhalation - Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Respiratory or skin
<u> </u>	sensitization - Germ cell mutagenicity - Reproductive toxicity - Specific target organ toxicity - single
	exposure - Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Aspiration hazard: All no data
	available.
	Carcinogenicity: Components are not classified as a carcinogen by the National Toxicology
	Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), or the Occupational

Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). Additional Information None known.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Component ecotoxicity**

	Oleic Acid (112-80-1): LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 205 mg/l - 96 hr.
	Isopropylamine (68649-00-3): LC50 Fish: 20 mg/l 96 hours
	Benzenesulfonic Acid (68584-24-7): Algae EC50 Algae 50 - 100 mg/l, 72 hours - Crustacea EC50
	Daphnia 6.9 mg/l, 48 hours - Fish LC50 Fish 1.18 - 6.5 mg/l, 96 hours.
	Sodium Tetraborate Decahydrate 1330-43-4: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Carassius auratus (goldfish) -
	178 mg/l - 72 h Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water
	flea) - 1,085 - 1,402 mg/l - 48 h Toxicity to algae IC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) -
	158 mg/l - 96 h 12.2
Mixture ecotoxicity	Toxicity to Fish - Persistence and Biodegradability - Bioaccumulative Potential - Mobility in Soil:
-	All no data available.
Other adverse effects	None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

#### Waste treatment methods

ProductContact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.Contaminated packagingEmpty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.<br/>Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container<br/>is emptied.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## DOT: Not Regulated – IATA: Not Regulated – IMDG: Not Regulated

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through a shipper authorized sales or customer service representative

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

-	
Federal	TSCA: Components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. RCRA: None of the ingredients are currently listed as a substance or a source waste under current
	regulations (40 CFR 261.31, 32 and 33). CERCLA: Product is not found on Table 302.4, 40 CFR.
	SARA TITLE III: (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act)
	302 Components: None are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 302.
	313 Components: None that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by
	Section 313.
	311/312 Hazards: Acute, Health – Chronic Health
States	State Right to Know Components: MA, PA & NJ: Sodium Borate (1330-43-4) – PA & NJ: Oleic Acid
	(112-80-1) – Isopropylamine (68649-00-3) - Benzenesulfonic Acid (68584-24-7)
Canada	DSL: Components of this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.
	WHMIS: Sodium Tetraborate Decahydrate – Oleic Acid – Isopropylamine - Benzenesulfonic Acid:
	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria.
	oncontrolled product according to writing classification criteria.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full alphanumeric H-Statements and P-Statements

run alphanument n-st	atements and F-statements
	H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
	H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	H320 Causes eye irritation.
	P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
	P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P332 + P313 If skin irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention
	P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P332 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Manufacturer/Supplier or
	competent authority to select medical advice or attention as appropriate.
	P405 Store locked up.
	P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.
	Poor Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.
Disclaimer	The data presented here relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not
Discialmen	The data presented here relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not
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	this information for its application to the users intended purpose or for consequences of its use.
Detential Uselth Effects	This are dust is a winter for which as an acidis health becaud data suists. OCUA requires that are
Potential Health Effects	This product is a mixture for which no specific health hazard data exists. OSHA requires that one
	should assume such mixtures present the same health hazards as do any components present in
	amounts greater than 1% (0.1% for carcinogens). Consumers accessing our SDS information
	should keep in mind the information is presented in a format required by the U.S. Government's
	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). We provide SDS as a service for our
	business customers. These industrial SDSs are not applicable to consumer use of these products.
	We thoroughly evaluate the safety aspects of all of our consumer products prior to their use in the home.

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