

SAFETY DATA SHEET

BSP100

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Dupli-Color® Paint Shop® Finish System Gray Primer		
Product code	: BSP100		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			

Paint or paint related material.

Section 2. Hazards identification **OSHA/HCS** status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). **Classification of the** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 substance or mixture SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 2.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 74.4% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 77% **GHS** label elements **Hazard pictograms** Signal word : Danger **Hazard statements** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May damage the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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: 7/4/2018

Section 2. Hazards identification

	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Acetone	≥25 - ≤50	67-64-1
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	≥25 - ≤50	98-56-6
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate	≤3	108-65-6
Titanium Dioxide	≤3	13463-67-7
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	≤0.3	872-50-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Detential equite health offer	
Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	<u>dica</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Ownell and II	• Otan leals if without vials. Mave contain on from on ill once. I lea an ails much tools and

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	None.
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Acetone	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 2380 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Acetone	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	issions from ventilation or work process equipment y comply with the requirements of environmental pro es, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modificat be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable le	otection legislation. In some ions to the process equipment
Individual protection measured		
Hygiene measures	sh hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end or propriate techniques should be used to remove pote sh contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure the workstation location.	of the working period. Intially contaminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	ety eyewear complying with an approved standard s essment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposi- es or dusts. If contact is possible, the following pro assessment indicates a higher degree of protection	ure to liquid splashes, mists, tection should be worn, unless
Skin protection		
Hand protection	emical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with a in at all times when handling chemical products if a sessary. Considering the parameters specified by the ing use that the gloves are still retaining their protect ed that the time to breakthrough for any glove mate we manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting tection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estir	risk assessment indicates this is ne glove manufacturer, check tive properties. It should be rial may be different for different ng of several substances, the
Body protection	sonal protective equipment for the body should be s formed and the risks involved and should be approved adling this product. When there is a risk of ignition f ic protective clothing. For the greatest protection fr ould include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	red by a specialist before rom static electricity, wear anti-
Other skin protection	propriate footwear and any additional skin protection and on the task being performed and the risks involv cialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	sed on the hazard and potential for exposure, select propriate standard or certification. Respirators must piratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, ects of use.	be used according to a

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point/boiling range	: 55°C (131°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -9°C (15.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 13.1%
Vapor pressure	: 24 kPa (180 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 2 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.09
Solubility	: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 26.227 kJ/g

Section 10. Stabil	ity and reactivity
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride 1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rat Rat Rabbit	5800 mg/kg 13 g/kg >5 g/kg	
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	8532 mg/kg 8 g/kg 3914 mg/kg	- - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information

	milligrams	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effe	<u>:ts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Symptoms related to the p	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	

<u>Symptoms related to the</u>	<u>e privsical, chemical and toxicological characteristic</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
	increase in fetal deaths
	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate eff	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
<u>Delayed and immediate eff</u> <u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Delayed and immediate eff</u> <u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available.
<u>Delayed and immediate eff</u> <u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Long term exposure</u> Potential immediate	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available.
Delayed and immediate eff Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available. : Not available.
Delayed and immediate eff Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available. : Not available. : Not available. : Not available.
Delayed and immediate eff Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health ef	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available. : Not available. : Not available. : Not available.
<u>Delayed and immediate eff</u> <u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Long term exposure</u>	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available. : Not available. : Not available. : Not available. : Not available.
Delayed and immediate eff Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health ef Not available.	 increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. in Not available. fects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of
Delayed and immediate eff Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health ef Not available. General Carcinogenicity	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available. : Not available. : Not available. : Not available. : Not available. : Not available. : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Delayed and immediate eff Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health ef Not available. General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity	 increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. fects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate eff Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health ef Not available. General	 increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. increase damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Result	Species	Exposure
Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
	Neonate	
Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	4 weeks
Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Acute LC50 1.23 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Acute LC50 832 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1.23 ppm Fresh water	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.16 ml/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1.23 ppm Fresh waterAlgae - Selenastrum sp. Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Poecilia reticulata Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Daphniidae Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus Daphnia - Daphnia magna

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Date of issue/Date of re	vision : 10/28/2	018 Date of previous	i <mark>ssue</mark> : 7/4/2018	Vers	ion :10 11/1
	li-Color® Paint Shop® Finish / Primer	System		SHV	V-85-NA-GHS-US

Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
	PLANMARE LIZED				
Packing group	II	II			11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precautior	co ma su pri res un	ulti-modal shipping desc nsider container sizes. ode of transport (sea, ai itably for that mode of tr or to shipment, and con sponsibility of the perso loading dangerous good bstances and on all acti	The presence of a r, etc.), does not i ansport. All packa npliance with the a n offering the proo ds must be trained	a shipping descrip ndicate that the p aging must be re- applicable regula duct for transport d on all of the risk	broduct is packaged viewed for suitability tions is the sole . People loading and ks deriving from the
	64				
to Annex II of MAR	ccording : Not	available.			
to Annex II of MAR	ccording : Not POL and	available. per shipping name	: Not availab	le.	
Transport in bulk a to Annex II of MAR the IBC Code	POL and Pro		: Not availab : Not availab		

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

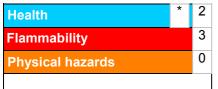
WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

International lists	 Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

History	
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of

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Section 16. Other information

sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.