SAFETY DATA SHEET

I-C27957000

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: DUPLI-COLOR® Caliper Paint Red
Product code	: I-C27957000
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 46.6% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 48.6% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 52. 7%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation.

Section 2. Hazards identification

	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not
	transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Red

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Calcium Carbonate	≥25 - ≤50	1317-65-3
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤10	64742-89-8
Xylene	≤10	1330-20-7
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate	≤5	108-65-6
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	≤3	98-56-6
Quinacridone	≤3	1047-16-1
2-Butoxyethanol	≤3	111-76-2
Ethylbenzene	≤2.3	100-41-4
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	<1	14808-60-7
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≤0.3	64742-47-8
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated, reaction products with	≤0.3	85711-47-3
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

oleylamine

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms	ects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effe			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irrita	lion.	
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irri	tation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Ma	ay cause an allergic skin reaction	on.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed	and enters airways.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ms</u>		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may i pain or irritation watering redness	nclude the following:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may i respiratory tract irritation coughing	nclude the following:	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may i irritation redness	nclude the following:	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may i nausea or vomiting	nclude the following:	
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Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	It on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Personal product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before not until all safety precautions have been read and understood. D on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. equate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is t enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventil ginal container or an approved alternative made from a compatible htly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks y other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, liaterial handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take preeasures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain p d can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	rocess in which re use. Do not o not get in eyes Use only with inadequate. Do ated. Keep in the material, kept , open flame or ghting and cautionary
Advice on general occupational hygiene	ating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this ndled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and fac inking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective tering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information or easures.	e before eating, equipment before
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	ore in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and ore in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool ea, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and cked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing ma ntainer tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers tha ened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage labeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environm ntamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before hand	and well-ventilated d drink. Store terials. Keep t have been e. Do not store in nental

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient n	ame			Exposure lim	its	
Calcium Carl	oonate			TWA: 5 mg/n fraction TWA: 10 mg/ OSHA PEL (U TWA: 5 mg/n fraction	Jnited States, 10/2016). n ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirabl m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total nited States, 6/2016). n ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dus	2
Lt. Aliphatic I Xylene	Hydrocarbon Solvent			None. ACGIH TLV (U	Inited States, 3/2017).	
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bection of Exposure controls/personal prot	
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	None.
Quinacridone	None.
2-Butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated, reaction products with oleylamine	None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ζylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,6/2017).TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

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Ingredient name			Exposure limits		
Xylene 2-Butoxyethanol			NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin.		
Ethylbenzene			TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	oth rec va	ner engineering controls to keep work commended or statutory limits. The e	e process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation ker exposure to airborne contaminants below ar engineering controls also need to keep gas, v lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof		
Environmental exposure controls	the ca	ey comply with the requirements of er	ess equipment should be checked to ensure nvironmental protection legislation. In some eering modifications to the process equipment to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection meas	ures				
Hygiene measures	ea Ap Co co	ting, smoking and using the lavatory propriate techniques should be used ontaminated work clothing should not	ighly after handling chemical products, before and at the end of the working period. to remove potentially contaminated clothing. be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety cation.		
Eye/face protection	as: ga	sessment indicates this is necessary ses or dusts. If contact is possible, the set of t	oved standard should be used when a risk to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, he following protection should be worn, unless ree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection					
Hand protection	wa ne du no gla	orn at all times when handling chemic cessary. Considering the parameter ring use that the gloves are still retain ted that the time to breakthrough for	complying with an approved standard should be cal products if a risk assessment indicates this is s specified by the glove manufacturer, check ning their protective properties. It should be any glove material may be different for different xtures, consisting of several substances, the accurately estimated.		
Body protection	pe ha sta	rformed and the risks involved and sl ndling this product. When there is a	body should be selected based on the task being hould be approved by a specialist before risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- est protection from static discharges, clothing s and gloves.		
Other skin protection	ba		I skin protection measures should be selected I the risks involved and should be approved by a		
Respiratory protection	ap res	propriate standard or certification. R	exposure, select a respirator that meets the espirators must be used according to a e proper fitting, training, and other important		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point/boiling range	: 115°C (239°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 2°C (35.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 1.5 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 13.1%
Vapor pressure	: 1.6 kPa (12 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 3.66 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.32
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 8.397 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

sue : 7/2/2018

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
Acetate			0.0	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
Quinacridone	LD50 Oral	Rat	>7500 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene 2-Butoxyethanol Ethylbenzene Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	- - - -	3 3 2B 1	- - - Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Calcium Carbonate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Xylene 2-Butoxyethanol Ethylbenzene Crystalline Silica, respirable powder Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 2	Not determined Not determined Not determined Inhalation	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on routes of expos		Not available.			
Potential acute	health effects				
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact	:	auses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
Symptoms rela	<u>ted to the phy</u>	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing			
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness			
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Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	fects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	17794.3 mg/kg
Dermal	7223.9 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	38062.5 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	191.2 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours		
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		
2	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours		
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours		
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours		
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours		
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days		

Persistence and degradability

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I-C27957000	DUPLI-COLOR® Calip Red	oer Paint			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene	-	-	Readily
2-Butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	high
Xylene	-	8.1 to 25.9	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	П	П	П	П	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
	Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/10/2018 Date of previous issue : 7/2/2018 Version : 11 13/15				
I-C27957000 DUPI Red	LI-COLOR® Caliper Paint			SHW	-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 14.	Transport i	nformation			
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S- E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
	ma su pri re: un	nsider container sizes. ode of transport (sea, ai itably for that mode of tr for to shipment, and con sponsibility of the persor loading dangerous good bstances and on all acti	r, etc.), does not indi ansport. All packagin ppliance with the app offering the produc ds must be trained on	cate that the producing must be reviewed blicable regulations t for transport. Peop n all of the risks der	ct is packaged d for suitability is the sole ble loading and
Transport in bulk to Annex II of MA the IBC Code	-	available.			
	Pro	per shipping name	: Not available.		
	Shi	p type	: Not available.		
	Pol	lution category	: Not available.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

International lists	: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

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IS	I-C27957000 DUPLI-COLOF	Caliper Paint	SHW-85-NA-GHS-US
	Red		0111-00-114-0110-

Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method
History	

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Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.