

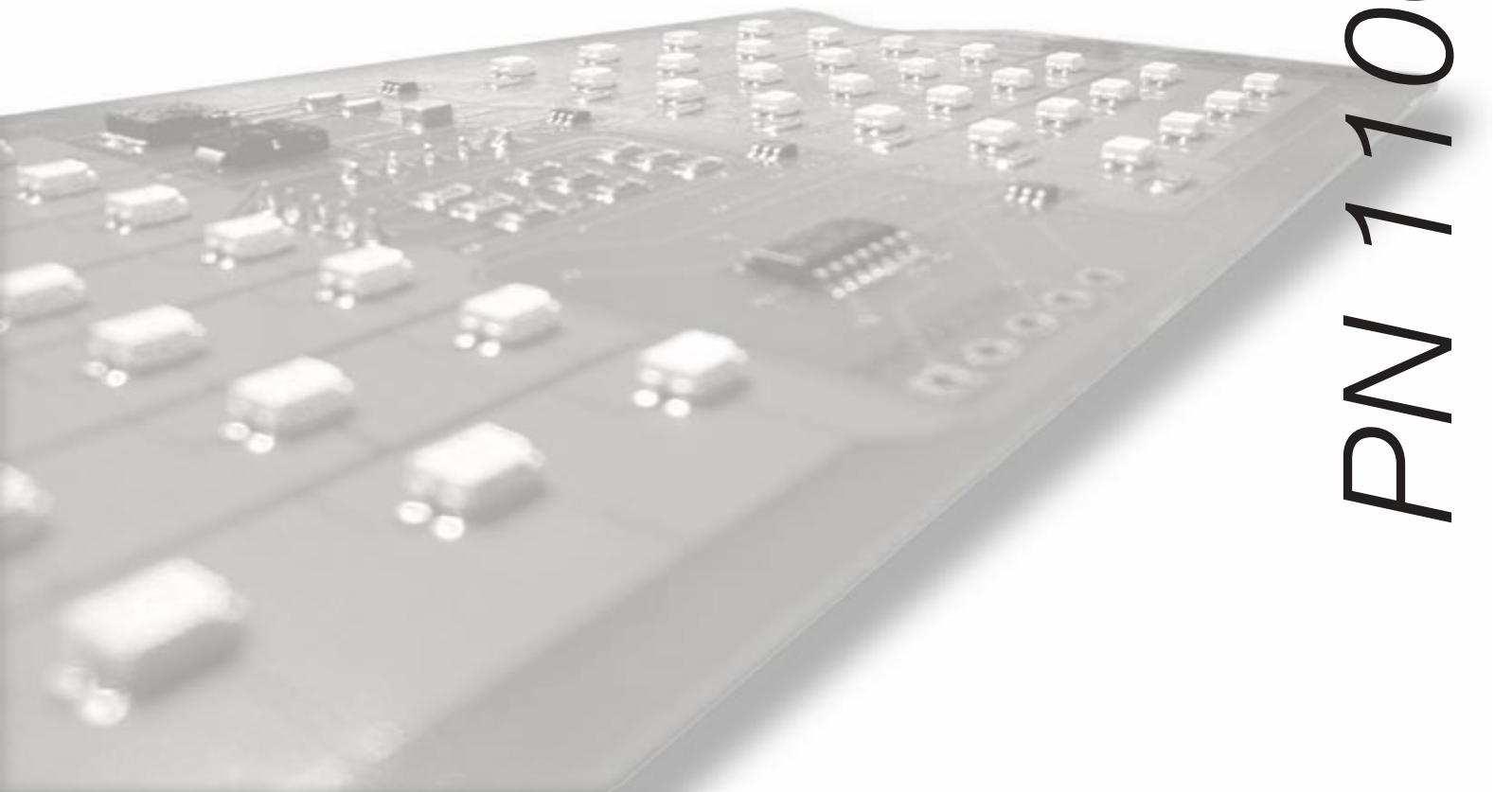


# 1974-77 CHEVY CAMARO

Two panel Sequential LED Taillight kit installation guide

## Kit Contents:

- **2** LED panels
- **2** rubber grommets
- **1** power wire with t-tap
- **1** driver side LED harness, 24"
- **1** passenger side LED harness, 48"
- **2** LED extension harnesses, 12"
- **1** harness crimp kit
- **1** mounting kit w/hardware



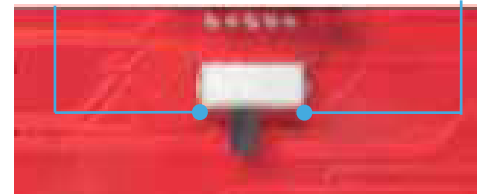
PN 1100174

## Note

The LED boards are shipped with the slide switch set to sequential mode. We recommend that all slide switches be set to the same setting (either standard or sequential).

Please follow all local laws concerning exterior lighting.

SEQUENTIAL POSITION STANDARD POSITION



Shown in sequential mode

## Hint

You may begin with the LED panel installation, however, you will need to complete the wiring modifications before the LED panels and housings are paired as one. Read over the entire instruction guide to determine the method that works best for you.

# LED PANEL INSTALLATION

## 1. Cut off the power to your car.

Open the hood of your car. Disconnect the negative terminal from the battery, which will cut off the power in your car. To verify that the power is disconnected, press the brake pedal; your brake lights should not turn on.

## 2. Remove the tail lights.

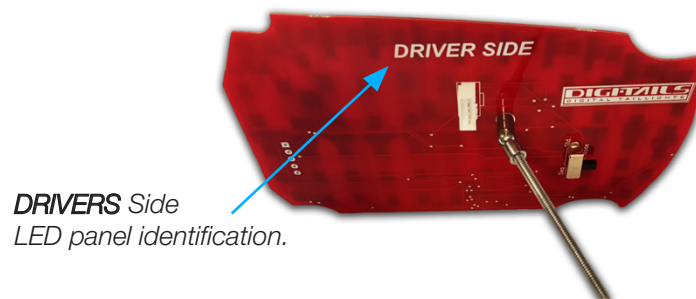
Turn the light sockets counter-clockwise to remove them from the tail light housings. As a safety precaution, remove the bulbs from the sockets. Put them aside since they will no longer be needed. Remove the tail light housing assembly from the car.

## 3. Separate the tail lights.

You will need separate the lens from the light housing. The lens is held onto the housing by screws from behind. Carefully pull the lens away from the tail light housing. Wipe clean the inside of the housings.

## 4. Identify the LED panels.

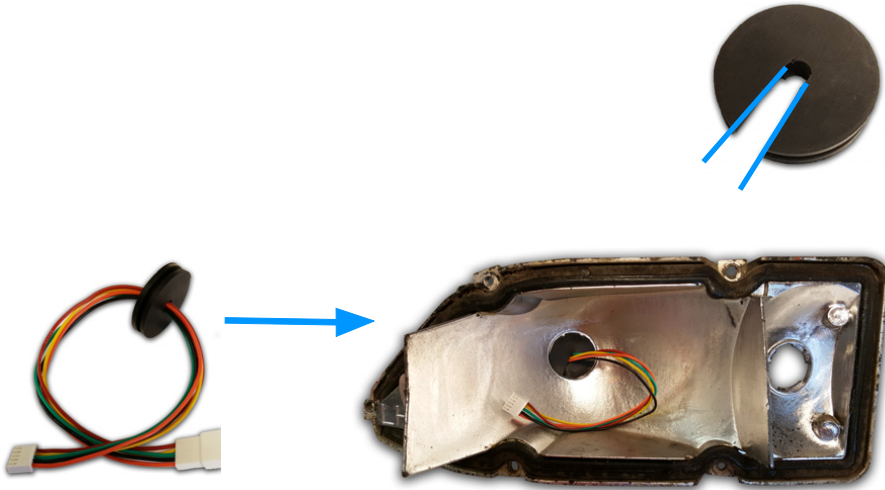
Each LED panel is labeled **DRIVER** and **PASSENGER**, identifying where each respective LED panel is to be mounted.



DRIVERS Side  
LED panel identification.

5. Mount the LED panels.

When mounting the LED panels make sure they sit flat and within the housing.  
Use the rest of the mounting hardware to secure the LED panels into the housings.



1. Trim away part of the grommet to so it fits properly into the socket hole.

2. Wrap the rubber grommet around the wires and press it into the socket hole.

**Hint**

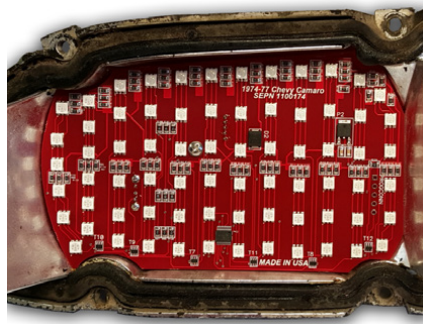
It is best to use a small flat head screw driver to work the grommets onto the socket holes.



2. Plug the extension harness into the LED panel.

3. While positioning the LED panel into place feed the stud through the center hole in the grommet.

The wires will sit alongside the stud.



4. Push LED panel back into the housing so all sides sit against the housing.

**Note**

It may seem out of place, however, once you begin to snug the LED panel down it will work itself into position



5. Place the large steel washer on top of the rubber grommet.



6. Place the white washer on top of the slotted washer.



7. Tighten snug with the black wing nut.

## Important Note

***DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN THE WING NUT!*** Make sure that the LED panel is not bending in from too much tightening force. You may want to use Loctite or silicone to make to be sure the wing nut stays secure.

### 6. Install the included red 194 LED bulbs.

Replace the side marker bulbs with the included LED bulbs. Make sure they are fully pressed into the socket. If they do not light up when turned on, pull the bulb out of the socket and spin it around and place it back in.

## WIRE SPLICING INSTALLATION

### 1. Review the wiring diagrams found on the last page.









Each LED panel needs five connections. Listed are the LED harness colors and their respective function. Note: Depending on make and harness, colors may not match.

- ORANGE** - Constant 12 volt power source.
- BLACK** - Grounded to body.
- YELLOW** - Driver side turn signal.
- GREEN** - Passenger side turn signal.
- BROWN** - Running light signal.

### 2. Find and access the taillight wires.

Pick a point in the rear body panel between the driver's side quarter panel and the driver's side taillight housing assembly and remove the cloth tape to expose the taillight wires.

### 3. Splice the LED SIGNAL wires into the stock SIGNAL wires. Match the LED harness to the corresponding stock harness as shown below.

LED Harness	Function	Stock harness	Notes
 <b>Green</b>	Passenger side turn signal/ Brake light signal	 <b>Green</b>	The light socket ends on the car harness can be removed.
 <b>Yellow</b>	Driver side turn signal/ Brake light signal	 <b>Yellow</b>	The light socket ends on the car harness can be removed.
 <b>Brown</b>	Running/Park signal	 <b>Brown</b>	The light socket ends on the car harness can be removed.
 <b>Orange</b>	Constant 12 volt		Find power at fuse panel/trunk light/dome light/fused battery feed.
 <b>Black</b>	Ground		Ground to Body/chassis

### Note about brake lights

There is no dedicated Brake light signal wire. When the brake pedal is pressed the brake switch sends power into the turn signal switch and then power through both the driver and passenger signal wires to activate the brake lights.

### 4. Connect all the ground wires.

Connect all the ground wires together. Bolt them to the trunk latch support along with the original rear body harness ground. The ground connection must be good in order to operate the LED tail lights.

5. Supply the LED panel harnesses with a constant 12 volt feed using the included **Orange** power wire and T-Tap.

An Orange power wire is supplied along with a T-Tap. The orange power wire must be powered with a constant 12 volt battery supply for the LED circuitry to operate properly. You can use the included T-Tap connector to splice to a constant power source, like the dome light, trunk light, fuse box, etc.

Splice the T-Tap connector over the constant power source, then plug the orange wire into the T-Tap. The other end of the orange power wire is tied in with the red wires of all the LED panel harnesses.



1. Insert wire into T-Tap



2. Crimp with pliers



3. Plug connector into T-Tap

6. Tuck and secure the spliced wires.

Take the spliced sections and fold them over to one side and tape them in place. This will allow you to place the wiring into loom or wrap the LED panel wiring tightly away.



1. Fold wires to one side.



2. Secure with electrical tape.

## Note

A wire diagram of the LED panel's harness spliced into the car's stock harness is on the last page.

## Note

The LED light kits are designed for best performance when use an electronic no-load flasher. Shown here is an optional electronic no load flasher available from DIGI-TAILS, (PN 20-F2)



If you decide to use a stock bi-metal flasher, we recommend a standard-duty flasher instead of a heavy-duty flasher. If your turn signal circuit includes front and rear LED turn signals, the circuit will not have enough resistance load to operate a heavy-duty bi-metal flasher, so the no-load flasher will be required for both the turn signal and emergency flashers.

